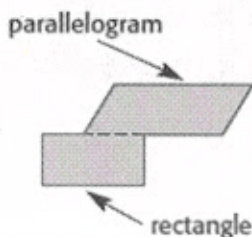


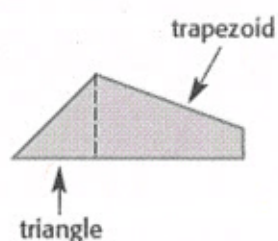
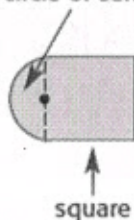
Find the Area of a Composite Figure

A **composite figure** is made up of two or more shapes. To find the area of a composite figure, decompose (separate) the figure into shapes with areas you know. Then find the sum of these areas.

Shape	Words	Formula
Parallelogram	The area, A , of a parallelogram is the product of any base, b , and its height, h .	$A = bh$
Triangle	The area, A , of a triangle is half the product of any base, b , and its height, h .	$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$
Trapezoid	The area, A , of a trapezoid is half the product of the height, h , and the sum of the bases,	$A = \frac{1}{2}h(b_1 + b_2)$
Circle	The area, A , of a circle is equal to π times the square of the radius, r .	$A = \pi r^2$



half of a circle or semicircle



Example 1: Find the **area** of the **composite figure**.

The figure can be separated into two rectangles.

Rectangle A

$$A = l \cdot w$$

$$A = 3 \cdot 2$$

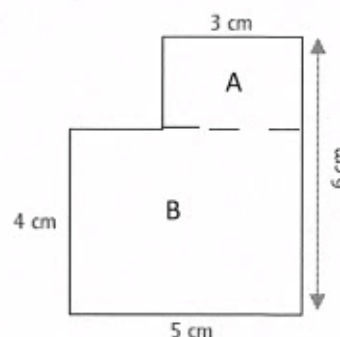
$$A = 6 \text{ cm}^2$$

Rectangle B

$$A = l \cdot w$$

$$A = 4 \cdot 5$$

$$A = 20 \text{ cm}^2$$

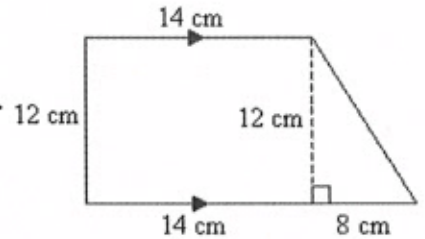


Total Area = Area A + Area B

$$\text{Total Area} = 6 + 20 = 26 \text{ cm}^2$$

Example 2: Find the area of the composite figure.

The figure can be separated into a rectangle and a triangle.



Rectangle

$$A = l \cdot w$$

$$A = 14(12)$$

$$A = 168 \text{ cm}^2$$

Triangle

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(bh)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(8 \cdot 12)$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(96)$$

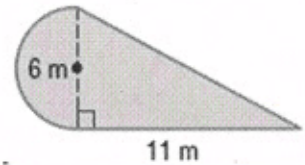
$$A = 48 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Total Area} = 168 + 48$$

$$\text{Total Area} = 216 \text{ cm}^2$$

Example 3: Find the area of the composite figure.

The figure can be separated into a semicircle and a triangle. Round to the nearest tenth.



Area of semicircle

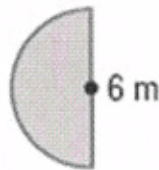
$$A = \frac{1}{2}\pi r^2$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}\pi \cdot 3^2$$

$$A \approx \frac{1}{2} \cdot \pi \cdot 9$$

$$A \approx 14.137$$

$$A \approx 14.1 \text{ m}^2$$

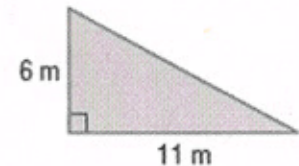


Area of triangle

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 11 \cdot 6$$

$$A = 33 \text{ m}^2$$



The area of the figure is about $14.1 + 33$ or 47.1 square meters.

Try This: The running track is made up of a rectangle and two semicircles. Find the area of the track. Round to the nearest hundredth.

Area of Rectangle

$$A = l \cdot w$$

$$A = 8(7)$$

$$A = 56 \text{ m}^2$$

Area of 2 semi-circles (1 circle)

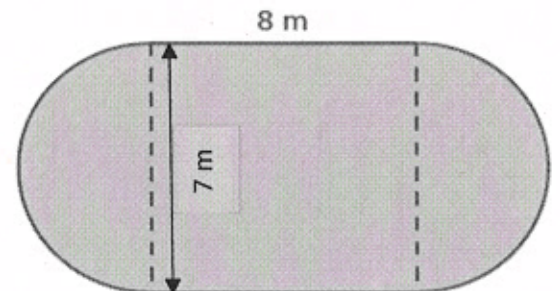
$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$A = \pi (3.5)^2$$

$$A = \pi (12.25)$$

$$A \approx 38.484$$

$$A \approx 38.48 \text{ m}^2$$



$$d = 7$$

$$r = \frac{d}{2}$$

$$r = \frac{7}{2}$$

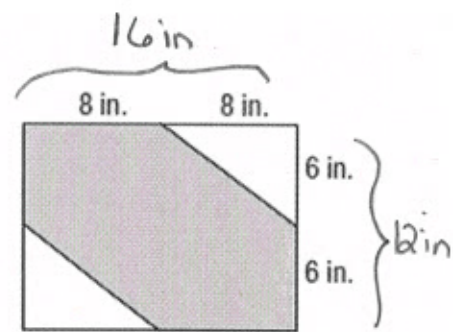
$$r = 3.5 \text{ m}$$

$$\text{TOTAL Area} \approx 56 + 38.48$$

$$\text{Total Area} \approx 94.48 \text{ m}^2$$

The area of the track is about 94.48 m^2

Example 4: Two congruent triangles are cut from a rectangle. Find the area of the shaded region.



① Large Rectangle

$$A = l \cdot w$$

$$A = 16(12)$$

$$A = 192 \text{ in}^2$$

② 2 Triangles

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(bh) \cdot 2$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(8 \cdot 6) \cdot 2$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2}(48) \cdot 2$$

$$A = 24 \cdot 2$$

$$A = 48 \text{ in}^2$$

③ Area of shaded Region

$$A = \text{Area of Rectangle} - \text{Area of Triangles}$$

$$A = 192 - 48$$

$$\text{Area of shaded region} = 144 \text{ in}^2$$

